

IOU came after Jerald Story's death, and his widow has become bitter.

"If they weren't going to stand good with the program, they never should have started it," Helen Story scoffs. "It's for sure that if we owed the government, they wouldn't wait this long on us."

PEOPLE WHO CARE ABOUT KIDS

Mr. LEVIN. Mr. President, last weekend, I joined members of the Michigan Partnership to Prevent Gun Violence and the Michigan Million Mom March, part of the coalition of People Who Care About Kids to circulate petitions calling for a citizens' referendum on Public Act 381, the "shall issue" law.

Passed by the Michigan Legislature in December 2000 and signed by the Governor, the Act takes discretion away from local gun boards and requires that authorities "shall" or must issue concealed weapons licenses to any one 21 years or older without a criminal record, with limited exceptions.

People Who Care About Kids is collecting signatures to suspend implementation of the law, which would otherwise go into effect on July 1st of this year. If enough signatures are collected by the deadline, the issue will be put before voters in 2002. Petition organizers need only 151,356 valid signatures by the deadline, March 27th, but are seeking 225,000 signatures in total.

The "shall issue" law is opposed by many law enforcement groups, religious leaders, child advocates and community leaders. They oppose the law because they believe if people are able to carry handguns into restaurants, stores, shopping malls, movie theaters, courtrooms, parks or in cars, our communities will be less safe. I also oppose the "shall issue" law. Last weekend, I signed the petition to put the issue before the voters and I urge others to sign it as well.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY STATEMENT BY THE FRIENDS OF IRELAND

Mr. KENNEDY. Mr. President, today, the Friends of Ireland in Congress released its annual St. Patrick's Day Statement. The Friends of Ireland is a bipartisan group of Senators and Representatives opposed to violence and terrorism in Northern Ireland and dedicated to a United States policy that promotes a just, lasting and peaceful settlement of the conflict.

I believe this year's Friends of Ireland Statement will be of interest to all of our colleagues who are concerned about this issue, and I ask unanimous consent that it may be printed in the RECORD.

There being no objection, the material was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

FRIENDS OF IRELAND STATEMENT—ST.
PATRICK'S DAY 2001

The Friends of Ireland in the Congress join 44 million Irish Americans in celebrating the

unique ties between America and the island of Ireland. We welcome the Taoiseach, Bertie Ahern, to the United States, and we send warm greetings to the President of Ireland, Mary McAleese.

We commend President Bush for expressing his willingness to remain involved in the pursuit of peace in Northern Ireland. The active engagement of President Clinton played an instrumental role in advancing the peace process, and it is vital that President Bush remain engaged.

The valuable work carried out by the new institutions set up under the Good Friday Agreement demonstrates the capacity of these institutions to contribute significantly to the welfare of the people of Northern Ireland and throughout Ireland. We call on all political representatives to develop the potential of the new arrangements by operating them to the full, under the rules, and in the spirit of the Agreement and thereby to consolidate the institutions for which the people have voted and which they clearly want to see working for the common benefit. We appeal to all parties to work together to remove the remaining obstacles standing in the way of the full achievement of this goal.

The Good Friday Agreement was endorsed by the people of Ireland and Northern Ireland with majorities from both communities. It provided a mandate to those working on behalf of peace, justice, and the creating of a new beginning in Northern Ireland. Its provisions are interdependent, and to ensure the successful implementation of the Good Friday Agreement, those provisions must be addressed concurrently.

In the past, dangerous political vacuums have been avoided when all parties to the Good Friday Agreement have been willing to make difficult political decisions and implement confidence-building measures. We urge them to do so again.

We believe the Patten recommendations on police reform must be fully implemented. We acknowledge that progress has been made, but further steps must be taken to ensure that the police service will be representative of all people in Northern Ireland and have the support of the community it serves. An inclusive and credible police service, which is supported by nationalists and unionists, is in the interest of everyone in Northern Ireland. Likewise, the criminal justice system must be fair and impartial. It must be responsive to the community's concerns, encourage community involvement wherever possible, and have the confidence of all parts of the community.

We also believe the British Government should scale back its military presence in Northern Ireland, particularly in South Armagh. The dismantlement of watchtowers and military installations in Northern Ireland would represent a significant confidence-building measure that would advance the pursuit of peace.

We welcome the May 5, 2000 statement by the IRA that it "will initiate a process that will completely and verifiably put IRA arms beyond use . . . in such a way as to avoid risk to the public and misappropriation by others and ensure maximum public confidence," and we welcome the IRA's recent decision to reengage with the de Chastelain Commission on decommissioning. The IRA's decision is a welcome first step, and we hope it will pave the way for further action by all parties. We urge the IRA to engage in meaningful dialogue with the Commission and take tangible steps to put weapons beyond use.

We also emphasize the importance of advancing human rights and equality issues

under the Good Friday Agreement, including the creation of a Bill of Rights. Similarly, we call for the establishment of independent inquiries into the Finucane, Nelson, and Hamill cases, to demonstrate commitment to human rights and accountability.

We commend the Irish and British Governments for their ongoing efforts to work with the political leaders in Northern Ireland and to advance the peace process in Northern Ireland. On St. Patrick's Day, we urge all the leaders to recognize the danger of delay and redouble efforts to fully implement the Good Friday Agreement.

Friends of Ireland Executive Committee.

House: Dennis J. Hastert, Richard A. Gephardt, James T. Walsh.

Senate: Edward M. Kennedy, Christopher J. Dodd, Susan M. Collins.

HOUSE THE SENATE BUILT

Mr. ALLARD. Mr. President, I will be participating in the Habitat for Humanity "House the Senate Built." We will be breaking ground March 17th at 1:00 p.m. This home will be built for the Portillo family at 1209 Raven Place in Loveland, Colorado. I am especially proud to be working with the Loveland Habitat for Humanity chapter because Loveland is my hometown. In addition, the Loveland chapter has existed for 14 years and, in that time, they have built 41 houses. Forty-one families that may have never been in a position to own a home, are now homeowners thanks to the Loveland chapter of Habitat for Humanity.

This is not my first involvement with Habitat for Humanity. During the Republican Convention last year my wife Joan and I had the opportunity to work on a project with the Philadelphia chapter of Habitat. I have also participated in builds with Colorado affiliates in Fort Morgan and in Loveland. This September Habitat International will be celebrating their Silver Anniversary. Since its inception, Habitat has built a total of 100,000 houses.

When I reflect on my vision of housing assistance, an old saying comes to mind: "If you give a man a fish, you feed him for a day. If you teach a man to fish, you feed him for a lifetime." I am especially supportive of Habitat for Humanity because the way that they operate as an organization, fits this old saying perfectly. While Habitat homes are purchased by the individual homeowner families, corporations, faith groups and others all provide financial support and assistance in building the home, and the work is organized at the local level. Instead of relying solely on perennial handouts from the government, Habitat seeks out both private and community resources to form a partnership that results in homes for people who, otherwise, may not have them. This approach works because people at the local level are best equipped to know who needs assistance and are most familiar with the way that local systems operate. Homeowner families are chosen by the local Habitat affiliate according to their need;